**程式設計與實習(二)**

**期中考試卷(A)**

2022062413101440

**班級: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

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|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **第一題(20%)** |  |
| **第二題(10%)** |  |
| **第三題(30%)** |  |
| **CPE 一星題(40%)** |  |
| **課程加分** |  |
| **總分(最高100分)** |  |

**【第一題】請寫出下列程式碼輸出結果，如有程式錯誤請將錯誤地方圈起來並於答案區寫出錯誤原因。 (20%)**

**(A)**

class A{

int a = 11;

A(){};

A(int a,int b)

{

System.out.print("111");

}

void A(int ...a){

System.out.print(this.a);

A(1,2);

}

}

class B extends A{

int a =22;

void A(int a, int b)

{

System.out.println(this.a);

}

}

public class q1\_A {

public static void main(String[] args) {

A b = new B();

b.A(1,2);

}

}

作答區：

所標示的A(1,2)會呼叫執行，形成無窮迴圈

**(B)**

class a\_b{

private int a = 15;

private int b = 10;

a\_b(int a, int b)

{

a = this.a+a;

b = this.b;

System.out.print(a+b);

}

void a\_b(int a, int b){

a = this.a\*2;

System.out.print(a+this.b);

}

}

class b\_b extends a\_b{

private int a;

private int b;

b\_b(int a, int b){

super(a,b);

this.b = b;

this.a = this.a+b;

System.out.print("222");

}

void a\_b(int a, int b){

a = this.a\*3+b;

System.out.print(a+this.b);

}

}

public class q1\_B {

public static void main(String[] args) {

a\_b test = new b\_b(10,10);

test.a\_b(20,10);

}

}

作答區：

352250

**(C)**

interface a{

int a = 5;

int b = 12;

void a();}

interface b extends a{

int a = 15;

void b();}

class a\_c implements b{

a\_c(int a, int c){

System.out.print(this.a+b);

b();

}

public void a(){System.out.print(a+this.b);

}

public void b(){System.out.print(a+b);}

}

class b\_c extends a\_c {

private int a = 5;

private int b = 10;

b\_c(int b, int d)

{

super(b,d);

this.a = b;

b();

}

public void b(){

System.out.print(this.a\*this.b);

}

}

public class q1\_c {

public static void main(String[] args) {

b\_c test = new b\_c(12,10);

a\_c test2 = new b\_c(10, 20);

test.a();

test2.b();

}}

作答區：

**(D)**

abstract class a{

int a=10;

int b=25;

void a(){System.out.print(a+b);}

void a(int a, int b){System.out.print(b-a);}

}

class a\_d extends a{

a\_d(int a, int b)

{

this.a = a + this.b;

this.b = this.a + b;

a();

}

}

class b\_d extends a\_d{

int c = 10;

b\_d(int b, int d)

{

super(b, d);

this.a = b+this.b;

this.b = d+this.a;

}

void a(){

System.out.print(this.a+c);

}

}

public class q1\_d {

public static void main(String[] args) {

a\_d test = new a\_d(10, 20);

a\_d test2 = new b\_d(22,33);

test.a();

test2.a();

test2.a(2,3);

}

}

作答區：

9047901121

27012027010027100

**【第二題】問答題**

1. **請指出四點interface(介面)與Abstract class(抽象類別)相異之處?(16%)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Interface使用implements實作，則abstract class實作 |
|  | Interface不得設為私有，則Abstract class可以 |
|  | Interface所定義的方法必須實作，Abstract class不一定要實作 |
|  | Interface中變數必須給定初始值，則Abstract可宣告但不須給定初始值 |

1. **選擇題(4%)**

public class q2\_b {

static void exam() {

try {

String x = null;

System.out.print(x.toString() + " ");

} finally {

System.out.print("finally ");

}

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

try {

exam();

} catch (Exception ex) {

System.out.print("exception ");

}

}

}

What is the result?

A. null

B. finally exception

C. null finally

D. Compilation fails

E. A Throwable is thrown by main.

F. An Exception is thrown by main.

**作答區：Given:**

11. // insert code here

12. private N min, max;

13. public N getMin() { return min; }

14. public N getMax() { return max; }

15. public void add(N added) {

16. if (min == null || added.doubleValue() < min.doubleValue())

17. min = added;

18. if (max == null || added.doubleValue() > max.doubleValue())

19. max = added;

20. }

21. }

Which two, inserted at line 11, will allow the code to compile?

A. public class MinMax<N extends Number> {

B. public class MinMax<? extends Number> {

C. public class MinMax<N extends Object> {

D. public class MinMax<?> {

E. public class MinMax<? extends Object> {

F. public class MinMax<N extends Integer> {

**作答區：**

**A, F**

**B**

**【第三題】請根據題目所示的情境，完成片段程式 (30%)**

助教小藍每當期末考或時都很懊惱同學們的成績登記和總成績計算，小藍畢竟是一個程設助教，於是他使用物件陣列寫了一個具有統計分數的程式以方便總成績的計算，功能需求以下輸入、輸出說明：

輸入：第一列數字n代表以下有多少組測試資料。接著四行為一組測資，分別姓名(name)、程設成績(programing)、微積分成績(Calculus)、英文成績(English)

輸出：成績計算採加權計算(個別原始分數\*加權數的加總/總加權數)，程設加權數為4、微積分加權數為2、英文加權為3，總加權數為9，輸出結果會根據輸入順序依序印出

範例輸入：

3

Mark Lan

50

70

100  
Luke Huang

60

80

60

Ray Ho

70

60

55

Alex Huang

76

59

89

範例輸出：

Mark Lan 程式設計:70微積分:60英文:100總平均:77.0分

Luke Huang 程式設計:60微積分:55英文:80總平均:65.0分

Ray Ho 程式設計:70微積分:60英文:55總平均:62.0分

Alex Huang 程式設計:76微積分:59英文:89總平均:76.0分

import java.util.\*;

public class q3 {

static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

static String inputScore() {

String a = ①

return a;

}

static String inputName() {

String a = ①

return a;

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

int num = ②

sc.nextLine();

③ [] scoreArr = new ③ [num];

for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {

scoreArr[i] = ④ Sheet(i + 1, inputName(), inputScore(), inputScore(), inputScore());

}

for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {

System.out.println(scoreArr[i]);

}

sc.close();

}

}

⑤ Sheet {

//使用id設為公用型態，其他設為私有

⑥ int id;

⑦ String name;

⑦ Programming pScore;

⑦ Calculus cScore;

⑦ English eScore;

⑦ float scoreAvg;

⑦ int credit = 9;

Sheet(int id, String name, String \_pScore, String \_cScore, String \_eScore) {

⑧ .id = id;

⑧ .name = name;

⑧ .pScore = ④ Programming(Integer.parseInt(\_pScore), 4);

⑧ .cScore = ④ Calculus(Integer.parseInt(\_cScore), 2);

⑧ .eScore = ④ English(Integer.parseInt(\_eScore), 3);

cal();

}

@Override

⑨ toString() {

return name +" "+ pScore.toString()+ cScore.toString()+ eScore.toString()+"總平均:" + scoreAvg + "分";

}

⑩ cal() {

//計算總平均，僅能使用creditMultiplyScore()方法

scoreAvg = ⑪

}

⑤ Score {

int score = 0;

int credit = 1;

Score(int \_score, int \_credit) {

⑧ .score = \_score;

⑧ .credit = \_credit;

}

@Override

⑨ toString() {

return ":" + score;

}

public int creditMultiplyScore() {

return ⑪

}

}

class Programming ⑮ Score {

Programming(int score, int credit) {

⑫

}

@Override

⑨ toString() {

⑭ "程式設計" + ⑬

}

}

class Calculus ⑮ Score {

Calculus(int score, int credit) {

⑫

}

@Override

⑨ toString() {

⑭ "微積分" + ⑬

}

}

class English ⑮ Score {

English(int score, int credit) {

⑫

}

@Override

⑨ toString() {

⑭ "英文" + ⑬

}

}

}

**作答區：**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ① | sc.nextLine(); |
| ② | sc.nextInt(); |
| ③ | Sheet |
| ④ | new |
| ⑤ | class |
| ⑥ | public |
| ⑦ | private |
| ⑧ | this |
| ⑨ | public String |
| ⑩ | public void |
| ⑪ | score\*credit |
| ⑫ | super(score, credit) |
| ⑬ | Super.toStirng() |
| ⑭ | return |
| ⑮ | extends |